

Foch Departs, Delighted After Strenuous Day

Marshal Praises Legion in Address at Hippodrome and Later Speaks to Fellow Countrymen

Receives Sixteenth Degree

Greets Babe Ruth at the Cathedral; Is Guest at Army and Navy Club

At the close of one of the busiest days since his arrival, Marshal Foch left the Hippodrome last night at 10 o'clock after a meeting with the members of the American Legion and was driven to the Pennsylvania Station, where he boarded his special car. The car was attached to the Pennsylvania midnight train for Washington.

Before leaving Marshal Foch gave a message to the members of the American Legion. He said that he was very glad to see them and that he was sure they would be able to do much for the world. He also said that he was sure they would be able to do much for the world.

The American Legion meeting was one of the most enthusiastic demonstrations since his arrival in this country. It was held at the Hippodrome and was attended by a large number of members of the American Legion.

After a reception at the Army and Navy Club, Marshal Foch proceeded to the Plaza Hotel for dinner as the guest of the Alsace-Lorraine Society of America, with all the Franco-American organizations of New York.

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From the time of the War of Independence in this country until the war of 1914-18 France and America have had the same aims and the same principles. This great and powerful organization, the American Legion, was formed for the purpose of carrying on American traditions and the same principles.

Disarm or Face New War Crushing White Race, Robins Warns

World Revolution and Giant Conflict Unless Agreement Reached, Says Former Red Cross Leader

World revolution and another great war can be prevented only by world disarmament, said Colonel Raymond Robins, of Chicago, formerly representative of the United States in Russia, in speaking yesterday afternoon at the West Side Y. M. C. A. 318 West Fifty-seventh street.

Robins, a former Red Cross leader, said that the world was in a state of confusion and that the only way to prevent another great war was by world disarmament.

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Foreign Credits Berlin's Hope to Meet Indemnity

Reparations Commission Makes No Reply to Offer Advanced in Effort to Settle January Payment

Wirth's Policy Assailed

Chancellor's Optimism Has Resulted in Collapse of Finances, Paper Charges

BERLIN, Nov. 20. (By The Associated Press).—A communication handed to the Reparations Commission by Dr. Wirth, the Chancellor, telling of the German government's willingness to seek foreign credits required to meet the January reparations payment to the Allies, has been received by the public as confirming the belief popularly held that the government possesses no illusions as regards its ability to secure a period of grace in which to meet its obligations. The commission departed yesterday for Paris without answering the communication, but in official quarters the belief is expressed that a reply will be forthcoming from Paris.

The belief has prevailed in Berlin official circles since the arrival here ten days ago of the members of the Reparations Commission that it was the primary object of the commission to obtain at first hand an idea upon which to base its attitude for an adjustment of Germany's reparations payments subsequent to the falling due of the January and February installments.

The January payment amounts to 500,000,000 marks. The February installment is a 25 per cent. advance on Germany's exports for the preceding three months.

Deliberations wholly informal. The deliberations of the commission in Berlin were wholly informal, even before the government officials. Aside from making a courtesy call on the Chancellor, the members of the commission, singly or collectively, have conferred chiefly with departmental heads of the various ministries of finance, economics and foreign affairs.

Although the heads of the Foreign Office are reported to have made strong criticisms of the members of the commission with the internal and external effects of a forced entry by Germany into the foreign money markets, it is asserted that the commissioners have declined to suggest other measures of relief for the country.

The Reichsbank's statement for the week of November 13, which was published in the official gazette, announced the addition of 2,500,000,000 marks in new paper to the national currency, bringing the total to more than 102,000,000,000 marks, of which 7,000,000,000 is in loan bank notes. The present heavy output of fresh paper has been all the more conspicuous as it occurred in the midst of a period of speculation which has been stimulated as to the total at the close of the year.

Chancellor Wirth's negotiations with the German industrialists' league have not yet been definitively concluded. Nationalist Press Assails Wirth. The Nationalist newspapers are upbraiding the Chancellor for "the miserable collapse of his policy and its fulfillment at the expense of the taxpayers."

The "Lokal Anzeiger" expresses the belief that the Cabinet already admits its inability to raise the gold needed to meet the January reparations payment and is pinning its last hope to credit which industry and the banking world can furnish. The "Vossische Zeitung" says it is informed that falling off in payments in kind and the slump in the value of the mark have gravely complicated the whole reparations problem, and that both factors have completely vitiated the guaranty under the survey of the commission of last June.

Industry Pledge for Credit. The "Boersen Gazette" disposes of the charges that Germany is showing signs of bankruptcy by pointing out that the Reichstag budget not only would balance but would show a surplus of 28,000,000,000 marks if there were no reparations to be paid. The "Boersen Zeitung" is a bit more hopeful of the situation than the other organs. It expresses the belief that German industry is a sufficient pledge for foreign credit. The newspaper sees in the trip of Hugo Stinnes, the financier, to London a symbol for the indivisibility of the trinity composed of "the German government, German industry and world economics."

Flood Follows Tornado Missouri Village Isolated and Poplar Bluff Is Menaced

POPLAR BLUFF, Mo., Nov. 20.—High water in the Black River and the St. Francis River was at flood stage to-night in the vicinity of North Poplar Bluff as the result of a tornado and rainfall Friday night.

The village of Greenville, in Wayne County, was completely isolated by the two rivers and the town of Piedmont is under water, although no homes were washed away or any loss of life caused. The water at Piedmont last night forced about twenty families to leave their homes in boats. Great loss to property and crops has been forecast, but no estimate of the loss will be available until the water recedes.

The tornado, which killed four persons and injured about fifty, caused damage to property estimated at \$100,000.

City College Registers 12,492

Registration figures just completed at the City College of New York show a gain in five years of more than 70 per cent. In the regular day session for the fall term 2,107 students are registered, and the total registration, including evening and extension courses, is 12,492. In the fall term of 1918, before the interruption caused by America's entrance into the war, the total registration was 7,160.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

Edison and Ford Will Visit Muscle Shoals

Would Make Peace Material Out of Battleships at Plant and Employ Million Men

Thomas A. Edison and Henry Ford are planning to visit Muscle Shoals soon to consider the construction of a gigantic plant to manufacture peace instruments out of the battleships which are likely to be scrapped because of the armament conference, it became known yesterday. While the date of their trip has not been definitely announced, it is said that they planned for the week after Thanksgiving.

Friday and Saturday Mr. Ford and Mr. Edison conferred in New York and plans for the employment of 1,000,000 men were discussed. Mr. Ford also conferred with Secretary of War Weeks in Washington concerning his offer to buy the government plant at Muscle Shoals.

Before he departed yesterday for Detroit, Mr. Ford praised Mr. Edison's knowledge of water power and declared him to be the best authority on nitrates in the United States. Technical experts will accompany Mr. Ford and Mr. Edison to Muscle Shoals.

Alexander Brands Predictions of His Abdication as Silly

King of Jugo-Slavia, Now in Excellent Health, Tells His Hopes to Heal Wounds Country Suffered in War

BELGRADE, Nov. 20. (By The Associated Press).—All reports that King Alexander has any intention of abdicating may be put down as pure fiction. The King has not given the slightest thought to the subject, and, indeed, it may be said that no cause ever existed for such a step. The young Serbian ruler already has taken the oath to support the constitution and his coronation probably will take place soon after completion of the new palace, which is expected to be ready for the event next summer.

The King, in an interview granted to the correspondent yesterday, declared that stories forecasting his abdication were quite as absurd as other reports concerning him. He said his health was excellent and that he was glad to get back to Jugo-Slavia, take up the reins of government and help in the solution of the country's problems. His robust, fresh appearance, quick step and buoyant, cheerful spirit certainly supported his statement that he was in excellent physical condition.

King Alexander received the correspondent in the modest one-story terrace cottage, which is so old that it has become one of the landmarks of Belgrade.

Alexander sought news of the Washington arms conference, in the outcome of which he said he was deeply interested. He expressed the wish for its success. He said he was sure that the world would be able to achieve peace and that he was sure that the world would be able to achieve peace.

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5,000 Irish in British Prisons Menace Peace

Dublin, Exasperated at Delay in Freeing Political Captives, With Truce 4 Months Old, Warns

'Bloody Sunday' Observed

10,000 Follow Republican Army to Decorate Victims' Graves; Masses in London

From The Tribune's European Bureau. Copyright, 1921, New York Tribune Inc. LONDON, Nov. 20.—Dublin advises say that a new danger to Irish peace is arising there as the result of dissatisfaction among the Sinn Feiners over the continued detention of more than five thousand prisoners in British military jails and internment camps, although a truce has now been in effect four months. The tension at the moment is said to be increasing to a point where, unless definite action is taken by the British government for the release of these men, the peace atmosphere will change and a settlement will become more difficult than ever.

To-day the Irish Republican army gave a display of its strength in Dublin on the occasion of a celebration of the first anniversary of "Bloody Sunday." It was a year ago that twenty British military and police officers were killed in their beds at dawn and that machine guns were turned on a Republican crowd watching a football game in the afternoon at Croke Park. On that day three members of the Irish Republican army—Richard McKee, Peter Clancy and John Clune, who were arrested in connection with the death of the officers—were shot down by the Dublin Castle authorities. The official report was that they had been killed while trying to escape, but the Sinn Feiners charged the authorities with murder.

Ten Thousand Decorate Graves. To-day a body of the Republican army, followed by a crowd estimated at ten thousand, met at Parnell Square and marched to Glasnevin Cemetery, the site of the graves of the slain were decorated.

Unlike Friday's demonstration, to-day's celebration came off unannounced. After the ceremonies at the cemetery the Republican army marched to a square near by and carried out military maneuvers, displaying an improved discipline and organization, according to observers.

CORK, Nov. 20.—Ten thousand persons to-day attended the funeral of the late Alderman Barry, who was shot and killed while leaving the Ballykinlar camp recently. The cortege was three miles long and included thousands of volunteers and eight bands. Volleys were fired over the grave.

Bishop Cahan and eighty of his clergy attended the funeral, as well as a representative of Eamon de Valera, with the Lord Mayors of Dublin and Limerick and many members of the Dail Eireann.

Masses Said in London. LONDON, Nov. 20. (By The Associated Press).—Masses for the repose of the souls of McKee, Clancy and Clune, who were killed in Dublin on "Bloody Sunday" while endeavoring to escape from Dublin Castle, were said to-day in the Church of Corpus Christi. All the members of the Irish delegation attended except Michael Collins, who is spending the week-end in Dublin.

Sir James Craig, the Ulster Premier, has accepted Mr. Lloyd George's invitation to meet him on Wednesday for an informal talk on the Irish question. The meeting will take place in the Prime Minister's official residence in Downing Street.

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Nonpartisans to Fight North Dakota Election

Prepare Suit to Restrain Canvassers From Certifying Victory of Three Independents

BISMARCK, N. D., Nov. 20.—Suit to nullify the recent recall election in North Dakota probably will be brought in the State Supreme Court here tomorrow by attorneys engaged by taxpayers who are members of the Nonpartisan League, Edward Sinker, one of the attorneys, said here to-night. Attorneys for the taxpayers were engaged to-night in drawing up a petition for presentation to the Supreme Court and preparing affidavits to accompany it. An injunction will be sought restraining the state canvassing board, which meets on Wednesday, from certifying the election of the three independent candidates named to office on October 28 to succeed three Nonpartisan office holders.

Checking of signatures on petitions asking for the recall has been going on here for some time. Mr. Sinker said he believed a complete check would show approximately 15,000 names listed by him as illegal signatures.

Trial of 49 Terra Cotta Men to Start To-day

Case Is Biggest Federal Action in Local Courts Since War; Title Sentences Wednesday

Forty-nine terra cotta manufacturers will be brought to trial to-day before Federal Judge William C. Van Fleet of California, temporarily assigned to this district. The trial, it is said, will be the biggest anti-trust law case presented to a jury of the local United States District Court since the war. The government will be represented by Colonel William Hayward, United States District Attorney; David L. Rodell, his special assistant; Leonard B. Duer, Benjamin S. Kirsh, Raymond L. Wise and Miss Susan Brandeis. The defendants will have as their chief counsel former Governor Charles S. Whitman.

The indictment against the forty-nine defendants was filed less than eight weeks ago. The grand jury which indicted the combine has not yet been discharged. In addition to the terra cotta case, on Wednesday morning, also before Judge Van Fleet, fifty-three tiling contractors will be arraigned for sentence on pleas of guilty.

Longworth Senatorial Boom Begun in Ohio

Cincinnati Supporter Suggests Congressman at Meeting of City Republicans

CINCINNATI, Nov. 20.—The possibility that Congressman Nicholas Longworth may be the next Republican candidate for United States Senator from Ohio became more of a probability yesterday when R. K. Hynicka asked a joint meeting of the Republican City Central Committee and the executive and advisory committee to give serious consideration to the unannounced candidacy of Mr. Longworth for that office.

"Mr. Longworth has served his constituents and the Republican party faithfully and brilliantly in Congress for many years," said Mr. Hynicka. "I doubt if we could find any one else so well liked, both by nature and by experience, to occupy a seat in the Senate or so deserving of that honor, and surely no one could be more acceptable to the people whom he represents as a candidate for that office."

The joint meeting was called by Mr. Hynicka as chairman, who told the committee members that the time was ripe to begin preparations for the next state election. He reminded them that Governor and a Senator were to be elected next fall and said: "It is imperative that there shall be no occasion to depart from the Republican column."

Applause greeted Mr. Hynicka's reference to Congressman Longworth.

Democrats to Seek Repeal of Transit Laws

Also Plan Legislative Drive on Measures Removing U. S. Senators and Judicial Officers From Primary

To Urge 3½ P. C. Beer

Minority Program for Session Drafted Here; Hope to Benefit by Fight on Lusk

The first guns in the Democratic campaign of 1922 will be fired at the opening of the State Legislature January 3, when bills will be introduced for the repeal of the laws establishing the Transit and Public Service commissions, for the repeal of the law which takes United States Senators, state and judicial officers out of the direct primary and for the legitimizing of 3½ per cent beer.

The entire legislative program of the Democrats, which was drafted tentatively at a conference here last week, will be perfected before Christmas. The anti-Miller bills and the 3½ per cent beer bill are fundamental parts of it. State Senator James J. Walker and Assemblyman Charles D. Donohue, minority leaders in the Legislature, were among those at the conference at which these measures were decided upon.

The Democrats also are counting on the fight which is planned by certain Republican Senators to retire Senator Clayton R. Lusk from the post of majority leader of the Senate to supply them with campaign material. Some Republicans are hoping that Senator Lusk will develop an attack of hay fever before the new year, so as to prevent him from performing the duties of majority leader, and thus avoid making further capital for the Democrats.

Republicans to Confer Soon. Republicans who are not unmindful of the vote in up-state strongholds of Republicanism which put them in the Democratic column on November 8—for the first time in a quarter of a century, in some instances, and in others for the first time in history—are fervently wishing that Governor Miller, who forced Senator Lusk on the Senate as majority leader, would act as a physician in Senator Lusk's case and advise him to take a rest.

With Senator Lusk in the background up-state Republican legislators, as well as New York City Republican lawmakers, believe that a good start could be made toward countering the offensive which the Democrats plan to wage from the floors of the Senate and Assembly. In fact, Republicans who have made a study of the situation are convinced that the right sort of legislative program would win back the up-state cities where heavy normal Republican pluralities were overturned on November 8.

The Republicans have not as yet met to formulate a legislative program. Governor Miller is due back to-day from a trip in the South. He will be in this city for a couple of hours before returning to Albany, and it is not unlikely that the Governor will confer with the party leaders within the next fortnight.

Up-state Republican leaders have declared that some of the work of the last session of the Legislature was largely responsible for the Democratic victories up state, and they are looking to Governor Miller to put through a legislative program which will insure Republican success next November, when a United States Senator and a complete state ticket will be elected.

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